Insect Control Vegetable, Fruit **& Flower** Concentrate



Use on roses, flowers. shrubs, fruits, vegetables, lawns, and other outdoor areas

> **KILLS OVER 100** LISTED INSECTS

Gives residual control & repellency

Makes up to 16 gallons!

Keep Out Of Reach Of Children CAUTION (See back booklet for additional Precautionary Statements and First Aid)
Net Contents 16 FL OZ (473 ML) 72720616

/E INGREDIENT: ermethrin. . .(CAS No. 52645-53-1) . . . 2.50% OTHER INGREDIENTS 100.00%

TOTAL. EPA Est. No. 4-NY-1 EPA Reg. No. 4-408-3772 FOR RESIDENTIAL USE ONLY

FM674218

EIGHT® INSECT CONTROL VEGETABLE, FRUIT & FLOWER CONCENTRATE

CONTROLS: ANTS, APHIDS, ASIAN LADYBUGS, BAG WORMS, BEETLES, BORERS, BROWN DOG TICKS, CHINCH BUGS, CLUSTER FLIES, CODLING MOTHS, CRICKETS, EARWIGS, FLEAS, CICADAS (LOCUSTS), GNATS, GRASSHOPPERS, JAPENESE BEETLES, SCALES, THRIPS, WEEVILS, WHITEFLIES, MOLE CRICKETS, SPIDER MITES, TENT CATERPILLARS, MEALYBUGS, LEAFMINERS AND MANY OTHER LISTED INSECTS.

FOR USE ON LISTED: VEGETABLES, FRUITS, FLOWERS, NUTS, LAWNS, TREES, SHRUBS, OUTSIDE SURFACES OF BUILDINGS AND SURROUNDING AREAS.

EPA Est. No. 4-NY-1 EPA Rea. No. 4-408-3772

Buyers Guarantee Limited to Label Claims.

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Distributed by EARL MAY SEED & NURSERY Shenandoah, lowa 51603

68840912 Pint





DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. Not for use on plants being grown for sale or for other commercial use, or for commercial seed production or for research purposes.

Do not water the treated area to the point of run-off. Do not make applications during rain. All outdoor applications must be limited to spot or crack-and-crevice treatments only, except for the following permitted uses:

(1) Treatment to soil or vegetation around structures; (2) Applications to lawns, turf, and other vegetation; (3) Applications to building foundations, up to a maximum height of 3 feet. Other than applications to building foundations, all outdoor applications to impervious surfaces such as sidewalks, driveways, patios, porches and structural surfaces (such as windows, doors, and eaves) are limited to spot and crack-and-revrice applications only. Application is prohibited directly into sewer drains, or to any area like a quiter where

drainage to sewers, storm drains, water bodies, or aquatic habitat can occur. Do not allow the product to enter any drain during or after application.

For lawns and vegetables, measure the area to be sprayed. Calculate square feet by multiplying length by width. For all other applications, apply as a thorough cover spray. Use a clean sprayer. Carefully measure and mix the amount of concentrate and water as directed. Spray as directed. Thorough coverage is important. Flush sprayer with clean water after each use. Make applications when insects first appear. Repeat applications as directed. See directions for complete insect list. People and pets should not be allowed in treated areas until sorav has direct.

Use dilution rates as indicated.

1 fl. oz. = 6 tsp. or 2 Tbsp. 8 fl. oz. = ½ pt. or 1 cup

DIRECTIONS FOR APPLYING

HOME LAWNS			
	Pests:	How to use:	
Bent,		Thoroughly wet down grass a few hours before	
Bermuda,		applying. Home lawns should be no taller than 3	
Bluegrass,		inches at time of application. Slightly more water	
Dichondra,	Cutworms, Fleas,	may be used as long as the amount of product	

HOME LAWNS Cont

HOWE LAWNS COIL.			
		How to use:	
Irish Moss,	Japanese Beetle	per area is as listed below. For heavy infestations, repeat application after 2 weeks. Do not exceed	
Augustine	Sod Webworms, Ticks that may carry Lyme	16 applications per season. For ants, crickets and grasshoppers, use 2 fl. oz. in 3 gallons of water to cover 1,000 sq. ft. For other listed insects, use 6 fl. oz. in 10 gals. of water to cover 1,000 sq. ft.	
	Disease, Leamoppers	o ii. oz. iii 10 gais. oi watei to covei 1,000 sq. it.	

FIRE ANT CONTROL

Individual Mound and Plant Container Treatment

Mix 2 fl. oz. in 3 gals, water and apply as a drench using a sprinkler can. Gently apply 1 gallon of the mixture over the surface of each mound. Thoroughly wet mound and surrounding area of 3 x 4 ft. (12 sq. ft.) For best results apply in cool weather 65°F-80°F, early or late in the day. Treat new mounds as they appear. Pressurized sprays may disturb ants and cause migration which will reduce product effectiveness. Use the same method as above for the control of Fire Ants that may nest in permanently placed containerized ornamental plants.

HOUSEPLANTS - INDOORS o protect plants in residential greenhouses and lathhouses, and for indoor landscaping

To protect plants in residential greenhouses and latiniouses, and for indoor landscaping.				
		How to use:		
Ageratum, Ardisia, Aster,	Aphids,	Mix 1 fl. oz. in 1 gal. of water. Contact and residual:		
Baby's Breath, Begonia,		Use sufficient spray to obtain full coverage of all		
Birdsnest Fem, Bleeding Heart,	Corn Earworms,	foliage. If application is to be made indoors, remove		
Carnation, Chrysanthemum,		infested plants from living areas prior to application.		
Coleus, Cockscomb, Crown of	Thrips, Fall	Use in an area not likely to be occupied by people		
Thoms, Cyclamen, Dracaena,	Cankerworms,	or pets (particularly fish). After spraying, plants can		
Dumbcane, English Ivy,		be returned to original location. Do not use more		
Fuchsia, Gladiolus, Grape Ivy,	Japanese Beetles,	product than recommended, as this may cause		
Juniper, Lily, Marigold, Orchid,	Leafminers.	some plant injury. Use with care on ferns, palms and		
Palm, Pansy, Peperomia,	Leafrollers,	fuchsia. As with all plants listed, especially carnations,		
Petunia, Philodendron,	Mealybugs,	chrysanthemums, and roses, there exists a wide		

HOUSEPLANTS - INDOORS Cont.				
	Pests:	How to use:		
	Mites, Spring Cankerworms, Whiteflies	variety of species and cultivars, and therefor a wide variety of susceptibility to injury, ascertain possible phytotoxicity, treat a few plar as described above, wait 24 hours, and che for possible injury. Repeat applications may necessary to control citrus blackfilles on no bearing citrus, and Adult Japanese beetles.		
Velvet Plants	Fungus Gnats	roses. Do not exceed 16 applications per season.		
_	TREES & SHRUBS ————			
	Pests:	How to use:		

	TREES & SHRUDS	
	Pests:	How to use:
	Aphids, Bagworms, Cicadas	Use 1 fl. oz. in 1 gal. of
Cherry, Non-bearing Citrus,	(locusts), Exposed thrips, Fall	water. Apply as a thorough
Conifers, Elm, English Ivy,	cankerworms, Inchworms,	spray, wetting leaves and
Euonymous, Weeping fig, Fir,	Leafminers, Leafrollers,	branches to the dripping
Honeysuckle, Lilac, Mock-orange,	Locusts, Mealybugs, Spider	point. Try to penetrate
Oak, Palm, Philodendron,	mites, Stink bugs, Whiteflies,	dense foliage. Spray in the
Pine, Poinsettia, Tulip Popiar,	Gypsy Moth, Tent Caterpillar,	late afternoon or evening,
Rhododendron, Taxus	Japanese Beetles	when the temperature
Cherry, Honeysuckle	Fall webworms	ranges from 50° to 75°F
Conifer	Budworms	and when there is little or no wind. Spray at the first
Elm	Elm leaf beetles, Elm	sign of insects. Repeat as
	spanworms, Fall webworms	necessary; use intervals of
Douglas and Grand Firs	Tussock moths	4-8 days. Do not exceed
Non-bearing Citrus	Citrus black flies	16 applications per
Oak	Oakworms	season. Application can
Pine	Pine beetles, Pine moths, Pine	
	needleminers, Needle scales	collection.

On Tent caterpillars, application should be made when caterpillars are young and tents are first noticed. For best results, apply in the late afternoon or evening, when caterpillars have returned to their tents. Wet tents with spray on all sides. A few caterpillars may be seen escaping from the tent; however, they should die within several hours.

	ROSES & FLOWERS	
	Pests:	How to use:
Ageratum, Aster, Ardisia, Azalea, Baby's breath, Begonia, Birds-nest fern, Bleeding heart, Camation, Chrysanthemum, Coleus, Common Ninebark and Snowberry, Cockscomb, Crown of thorns, Cyclamen, Dracaena, Dumbcane, English Ivy, Exacum, Fuchsia, Gladiolus, Grape Ivy, Gold Bells, Hypoestes, Ivy, Juniper, Lilac, Marigold, Mock-Orange, Nannyberry, Orchid, Palm, Pansy, Pea Shrub, Peperomia, Petunia, Philodendro, Trayer Plant, Purple Passion, Rabits Foot fern, Rhododendron, Rose, Schefflera, Snapdragon, Snake Plant, Statice Velvet Plant, Verbena, Zinnia	Aphids, Armyworms, Bagworms, Cabbage worms, Cabbage worms, Ciadas (locusts), Corn earworms, Cutworms, Exposed thrips, Fall cankerworms, Fungus gnats, Inchworms, Japanese beetles, Leafminers, Leafrollers, Locusts, Mealybugs, Scale crawlers, Spring cankerworms, Spider mites, Whietlies, Rose Chafer, Psyllids, Scale Insects	Use 1 fl. oz. in 1 gal. of water. Apply as a thorough spray, wetting the plants to the dripping point. Try to hit underside of leaves and penetrate dense foliage. Spray in the late afternoon or evening, when the temperature ranges from 50° F to 75° F and when there is little or no wind. Spray at the first sign of insects. Repeat as necessary; use intervals of 4-8 days. Do not exceed 16 applications per season. Application can be made up to the day of collection.

FRUIT & NUT TREES

GENERAL DIRECTIONS

Use 2 fl. oz. in 1 gal. of water. Apply when insects appear. Wet the plants to the dripping point. Try to hit underside of leaves and penetrate dense foliage.

	Pests:	How to use:
	Navel orangeworms, Peach twig borers	Do not make more than 2 applications during hull split and 5 applications per season. Can be applied up to 7 days prior to harvest.
Apples	Green fruitworms, Aphids, Leafrollers (Oblique-banded, Redbanded), Plum curculio, Rosy apple aphids, Spotted tentiform leafminers, Tarnished plant bugs, White apple leafhoppers, Japanese Beetles	
Peaches	Borers (Lesser peachtree, Peach twig), Green fruitworms, Plum curculio, Oriental fruit moths, Tarnished plant bugs	Do not apply within 7 days of harvest. Do not make more than 8 applications per season.
Pears	Pear psylla	Apply during the dormant
(dormant through delayed dormant)		through delayed dormant growth period only. Do not make more than 2 applications per season.
Pears (summer)	Codling Moths, Green fruitworms, Pear psylla, Aphids	Do not make more than 3 applications per season. Can be applied up to 14 days prior to harvest.

VEGETABLES

For all of the following vegetables, apply 1 gallon of finished mix to 1,000 sq. ft.

	Pests:	How to use:
Asparagus	Asparagus beetles,	Use 1 ½ fl. oz. in 1 gal. Apply for uniform
(pre-harvest)	Cutworms	coverage as needed. Do not make more
		than 4 applications per crop. Can be
		applied up to 3 days prior to harvest.
(post-harvest)	Larval stages of	Treat ferns or bush growth after spear
	asparagus beetle,	harvest when insects are present.
	Tarnished plant bug,	
	Lygus bugs and adult	
	Japanese beetle	
Celery – See Leafy		
Vegetables		
Cole Crops: Broccoli,	Beet armyworms,	Use 1 fl. oz. in 1 gal. Apply every 5
Brussels Sprouts,	Cabbage aphids	days or as needed. Can be applied up
Cabbage, Cauliflower	and Loopers,	to 1 day prior to harvest. Do not make
	Diamondback	more than 8 applications on Cauliflower,
	Moths, Imported	Brussels Sprouts and Broccoli and 10
	cabbageworms	applications on Cabbage.
Corn – see Sweet Corn		
Cucumber, Melons,	Flea beetle,	Use 2 fl. oz. in 1 gal. Apply as needed, but
Pumpkins, Squash	Leafhopper	not more than 8 applications per season
		Can be applied up to day of harvest.
Cucurbits: Balsam pear	Aphids, Cabbage	Use 2 fl. oz. in 1 gal. Apply as needed
(bitter melon), Chinese	looper, Cucumber	to ensure uniform coverage. Do not
waxgourd (Chinese	beetle (adults),	exceed 8 applications per season. Can
preserving melon), citron		be applied up to the day of harvest.
melon, cucumber, gherkin,	Leafhoppers.	i i

	Pests:	How to use:
edible gourds: melons including		
hybrids such as Cantaloupe, Casaba,		
Crenshaw, Honeydew, Honey		
Balls, Mango melon, Muskmelon,	bugs, Squash bugs	
Persian melon, Pumpkin, Summer		
& Winter Squash, Watermelon		
Eggplant	Colorado potato	Use 3 fl. oz. in 1 gal. Apply for
	beetles, Vegetable	uniform coverage as needed. Do
	leafminers	not exceed 16 applications. Can be
		applied up to 3 days prior to harvest
Horseradish	Imported crucifer	Use 3 fl. oz. in 1 gal. Apply as
(Foliar application)	weevils	needed. Do not exceed 3 foliar
		applications. Can be applied
		up to 22 days prior to harvest.
Head Lettuce	Corn Earworms, Beet	Use 2 fl. oz. in 1 gal. Apply ever
	armyworms, Loopers	5-10 days as needed. Do not
	(Alfalfa, Cabbage),	make more than 10 applications
	Tobacco budworms	per season. Can be applied
		up to 1 day prior to harvest.
		Use 2 fl. oz. in 1 gal. Apply
Amaranth, Arugula, Celery, Celtuce,		every 5 to 10 days as needed
Chervil, Com salad, Chrysanthemum	looper, Corn earworm,	Do not exceed 10 applications
(edible-leaved and garland), cress		
(garden and upland), Dandelion,		up to 1 day prior to harvest.
Dock, Endive, Fennel, Lettuce		
(head and leaf), Okra, Parsley,		
Purslane (garden and winter),		
Rhubarb, Spinach, Swiss chard	Vegetable leaf miner	

	Pests:	How to use:
Melons – see		
Cucurbits		
Potatoes	Beet armyworm, Colorado potato beetle, Potato leafhopper, Potato tuberworm, Cabbage looper, Cutworms, European corn borer, Potato psyllid, Tarnished plant bug	Use 1 ½ fl. oz. in 1 gal. Apply as needed. Do not make more than 12 applications. Can be applied up to 7 days prior to harvest.
Peppers	Vegetable leafminers, Cabbage looper, Flea beetle, Corn earworm, Pepper weevil, European corn borer	Use 2 fl. oz. in 1 gal. Apply as needed, but not more than 8 applications per season. Can be applied up to 3 days prior to harvest.
Strawberries,	Strawberry weevils, Aphids, Spider	Use 1 ½ fl. oz. in 1 gal. Allow
Raspberries,	mites, Lygus bugs, Flea beetles,	14 days between last application
Blueberries	Omnivorous leaftier, Spittlebugs, Japanese beetles, Field crickets, Red Spider, Leafroller, Weevils	and harvest. Make no more than 8 foliar applications per growing season.
Sweet Corn	Armyworms (Fall, Southern), Corn earworms, European corn borers	Use 1 ½ fl. oz. in 1 gal. Apply every 5 days and when needed, but not more than 6 applications per season. Can be applied up to 1 day prior to harvest.
Tomatoes	Beet and southern armyworm, Tomato pinworm, Tomato fruitworm, Horn worms, Granulate cutworms,	Use 1 ½ fl. oz. in 1 gal. Apply
	Colorado potato beetle, Cabbage looper	season. Can be applied up to day of harvest.

How to you

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NUISANCE PESTS IN OUTDOOR AREAS.

GENERAL DIRECTIONS- Use 6 2/3 fl. oz. in 1 quart of water, treating 400 linear feet with a 6-inch spray band.

OUTSIDE SURFACES OF BUILDING

Use this product on Ants, Asian Ladybeetles, Clover Mites, Crickets, Earwigs, Locusts, Millipedes, Sowbugs (pillbugs), Stink bugs to help prevent infestation of buildings, treat the building foundation to a height of 2 to 3 feet, where pests are active and may find entrance. Also, apply as a spot or crack-and-crevice spray to outside surfaces of building, including porches, screens, window frames, eaves, patios, garages, refuse dumps and other areas where these pests congregate or have been seen. Repeat treatment as needed to maintain effectiveness. Do not exceed 24 applications per year.

OTHER OUTDOOR AREAS

Use this product on Ants, Crickets, Earwigs, Fleas, Ticks (including ticks that may carry Lyme Disease) for treatment of localized infestations of these insects in areas where there are weeds or bushy non-crop areas, spray infested areas thoroughly. For ants, thoroughly wet hills and runways. Repeat application as reinfestations occur. Do not exceed 24 applications per year.

To reduce annoyance from: Cluster Flies, Flying Moths, Gnats, House Flies, Mosquitoes. Spray outside surfaces of screens, doors, window frames or wherever these insects may enter the room. Also treat surfaces around light fixtures on porches, in garages, around shrubbery, and other places where these insects alight or congregate. Repeat as necessary. Do not exceed 24 applications per year.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage and disposal.

Storage: Store and transport in an upright position. Store in original container in a cool, dry area away from heat or open flame. **Disposal:** If empty - Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container.

Place in trash or offer for recycling if available. If partly filled - Call your local solid waste agency for disposal instructions. Never place unused product down any indoor or outdoor drain

FIRST AID

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center

or doctor, or going for treatment.

If inhaled: Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give

artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth, if possible. Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.

If on skin

 Take off contaminated clothing. or clothing: Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

If in eyes:

 Hold eve open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes.

 Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison

then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. If swallowed: • Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.

control center or doctor.

Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS. CAUTION: May be harmful if swallowed or absorbed through skin. Avoid breathing

spray mist. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap

and water after handling. **ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS** This pesticide is extremely toxic to fish. Avoid contamination of ornamental fish ponds. Drifts and runoff from treated areas may be hazardous to aquatic

organisms in treated areas. To protect the environment, do not allow pesticide to enter or run off into storm drains, drainage ditches, gutters or surface waters. Applying this product in calm weather when rain is not predicted for the next 24

hours will help to ensure that wind or rain does not blow or wash pesticide off the treatment area. Rinsing application equipment over the treated area will help avoid run off to water bodies or drainage systems. This product is highly toxic to bees exposed to direct treatment on blooming crops or weeds. Do not apply this

product or allow it to drift to blooming crops or weeds while bees are actively visiting the treatment area. NOTICE: To the extent consistent with applicable law, buyer assumes all responsibility for safety and use not in accordance with directions. For information on pesticide products (including health concerns, medical emergencies,

or pesticide incidents), call the National Pesticide Information Center at 1-800-858-7378.